Tuning the Optical Properties of Silicon Quantum Dots via Surface Functionalization with Conjugated Aromatic Fluorophores

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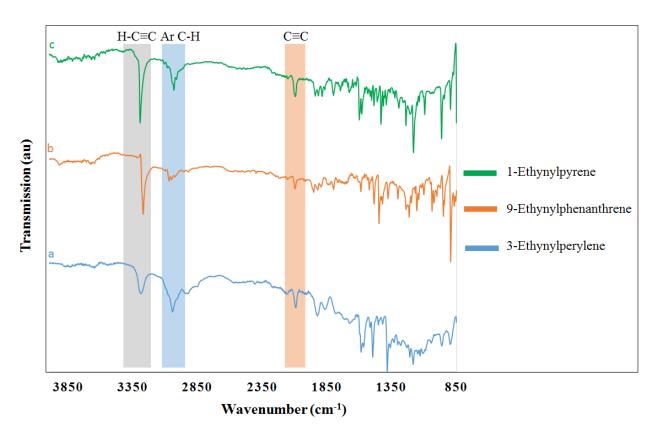


Figure S1. FTIR spectra of 3-Ethynylperylene (a), 9-Ethynylphenanthrene (b), and 1-Ethynylpyrene (c).

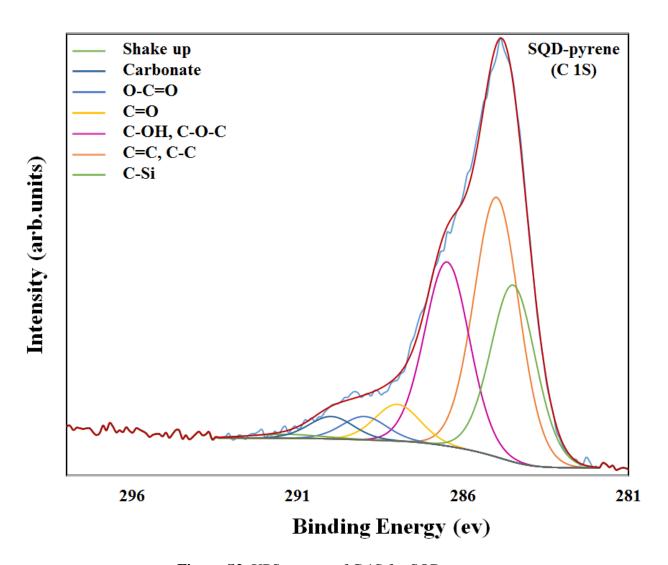


Figure S2. XPS spectra of C 1S for SQD-pyrene

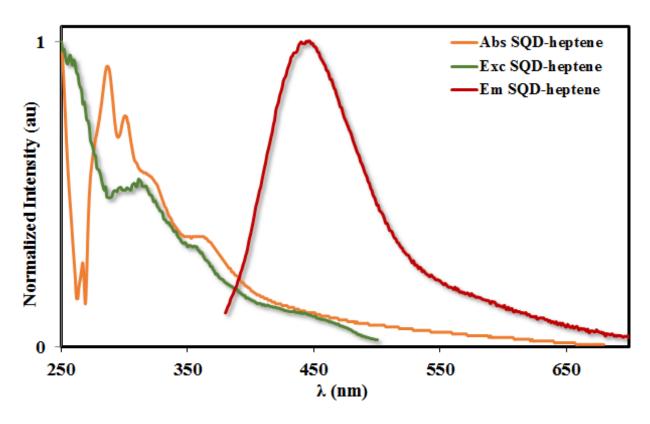


Figure S3. UV-Vis absorption, excitation (λ_{em} = 448 nm), and emission spectra of SQD-heptene collected in degassed DCM at 298 K (λ_{ex} = 360 nm).

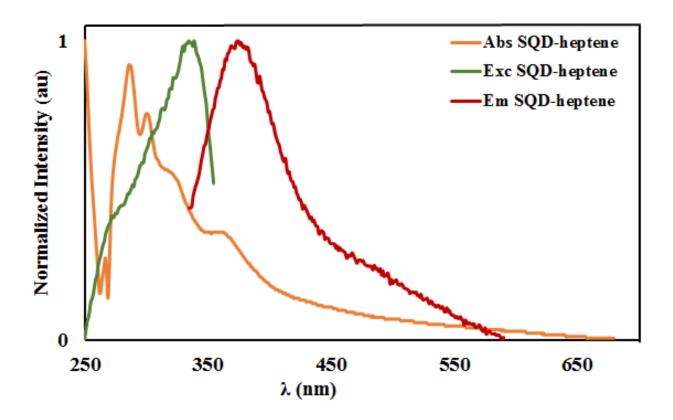


Figure S4. UV-Vis absorption, excitation ($\lambda_{em} = 374$ nm), and emission spectra of SQD-heptene collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 315$ nm).

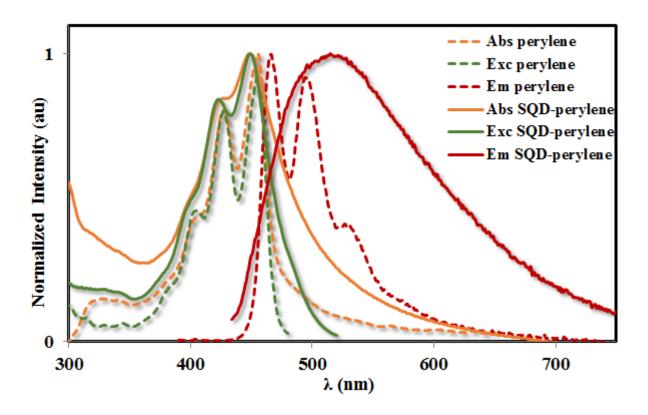


Figure S5. UV-Vis spectra of perylene (dotted orange line) and SQD-perylene (solid orange line); excitation spectra of perylene (dotted green line, $\lambda_{em} = 467$ nm) and SQD-perylene (solid green line, $\lambda_{em} = 518$ nm); and emission spectra of perylene (dotted red line) and SQD-perylene (solid red line) collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 360$ nm).

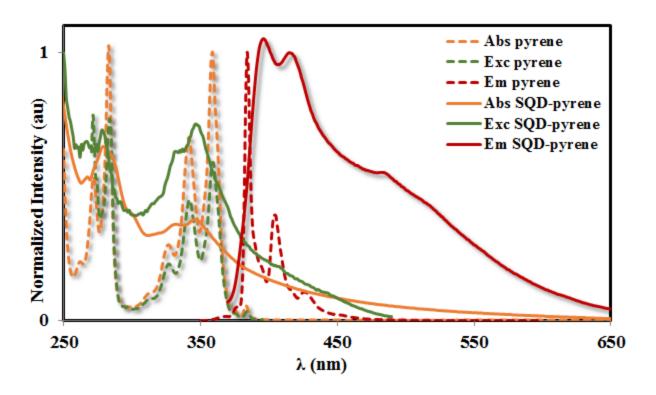


Figure S6. UV-Vis spectra of pyrene (dotted orange line) and SQD-pyrene (solid orange line); excitation spectra of pyrene (dotted green line, $\lambda_{em} = 384$ nm) and SQD-pyrene (solid green line, $\lambda_{em} = 397$ nm); and emission spectra of pyrene (dotted red line) and SQD-pyrene (solid red line) collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 360$ nm).

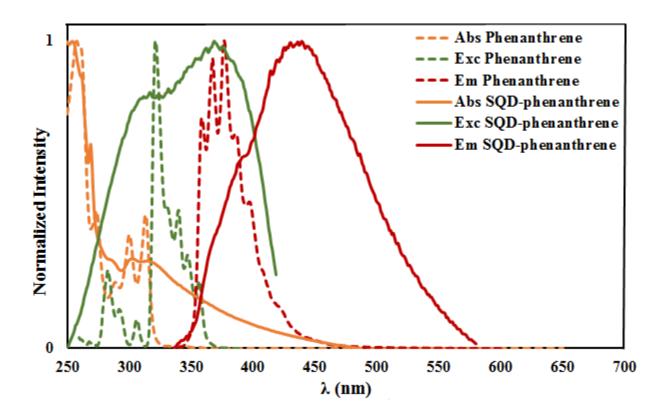


Figure S7. UV-Vis spectra of phenanthrene (dotted orange line) and SQD-phenanthrene (solid orange line); excitation spectra of Phenanthrene (dotted green line, $\lambda_{em} = 377$ nm) and SQD-phenanthrene (solid green line, $\lambda_{em} = 447$ nm); and emission spectra of phenanthrene (dotted red line) and SQD-phenanthrene (solid red line) collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 315$ nm).

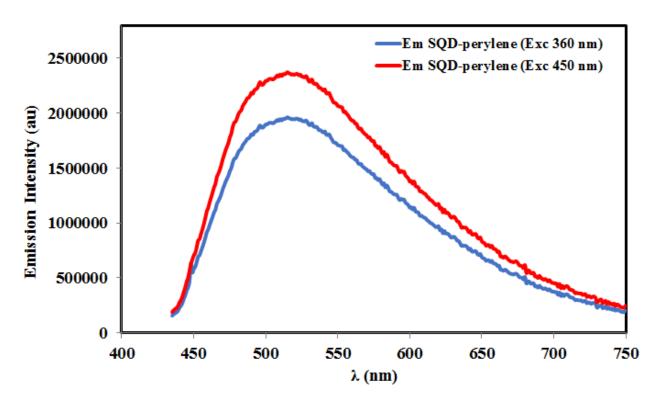


Figure S8. Emission spectra of SQD-perylene collected in degassed DCM at 298 K upon photoexcitation at 360 nm (light-blue line) and at 450 nm (red line).

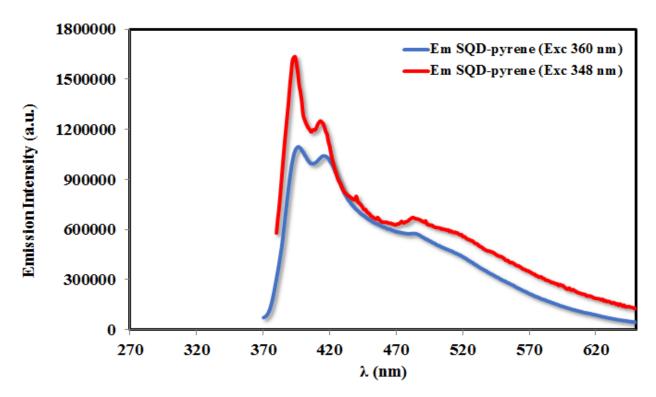


Figure S9. Emission spectra of SQD-pyrene collected in degassed DCM at 298 K upon photoexcitation at 360 nm (light-blue line) and at 348 nm (red line).

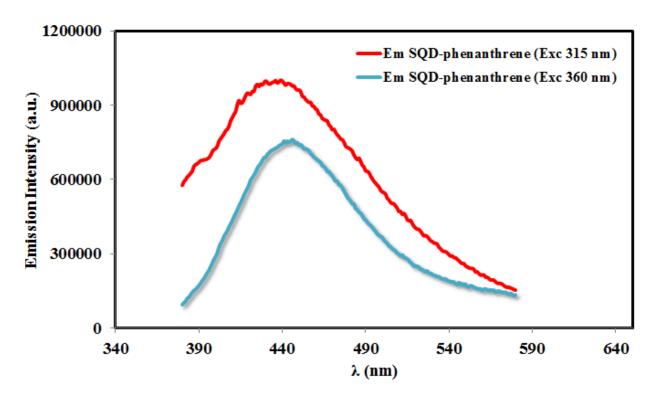


Figure S10. Emission spectra of SQD-phenanthrene collected in degassed DCM at 298 K upon photoexcitation at 360 nm (light-blue line) and at 315 nm (red line).

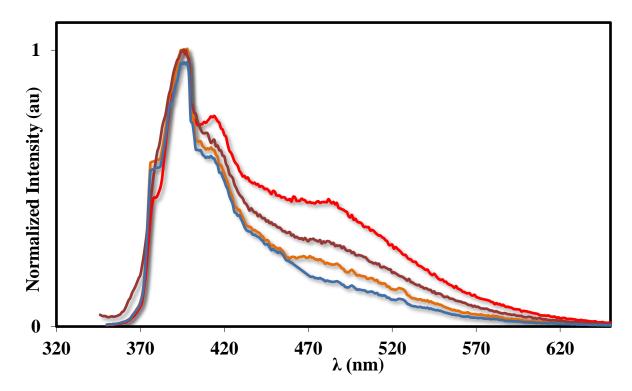


Figure S11. Emission spectra of SQD-pyrene collected in degassed DCM at 298 K at a concentration of 100 μ M (red line), 50 μ M (purple line), 10 μ M (orange line) and 1 μ M (blue line) ($\lambda_{ex} = 360$ nm).

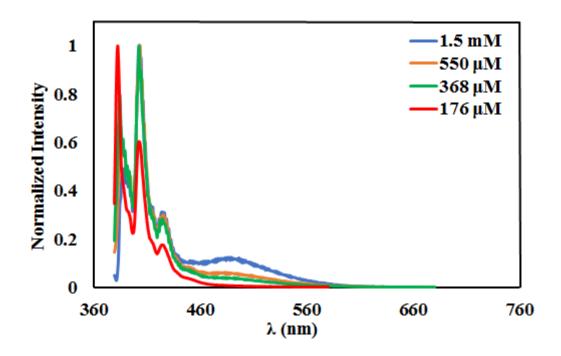


Figure S12. Emission spectra of pyrene collected in degassed DCM at 298 K at a concentration of 1.5 mM (blue line), 550 μ M (orange line), 368 μ M (green line) and 176 μ M (red line) (λ_{ex} = 360 nm).

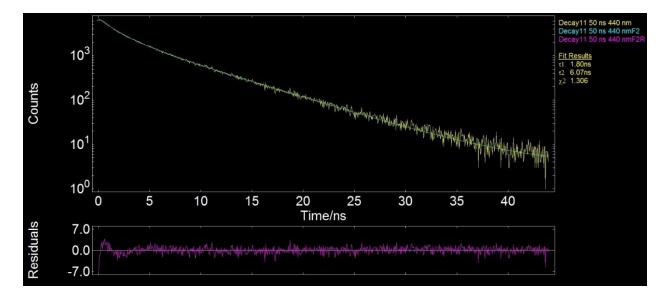


Figure S13. Emission decay of SQD-heptene monitored at 448 nm collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 378$ nm).

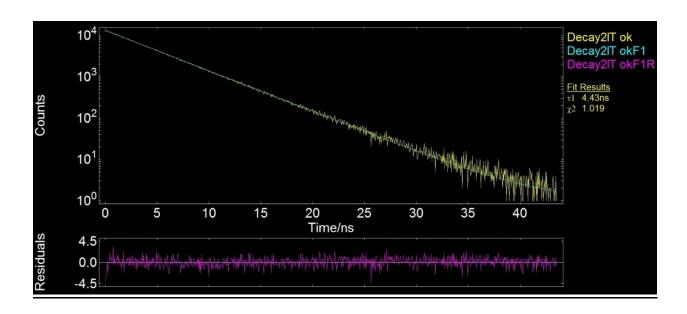


Figure S14. Emission decay of perylene monitored at 467 nm collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 378$ nm).

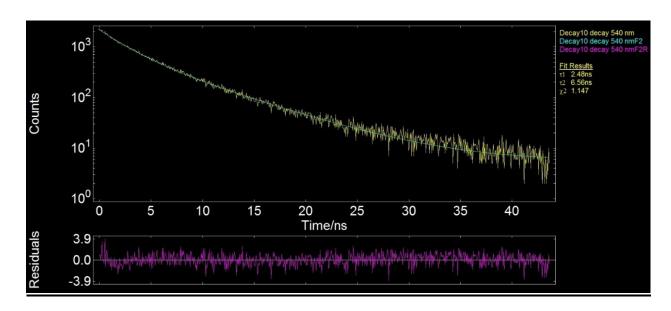


Figure S15. Emission decay of SQD-perylene monitored at 519 nm collected in degassed DCM at 298 K (λ_{ex} = 378 nm).

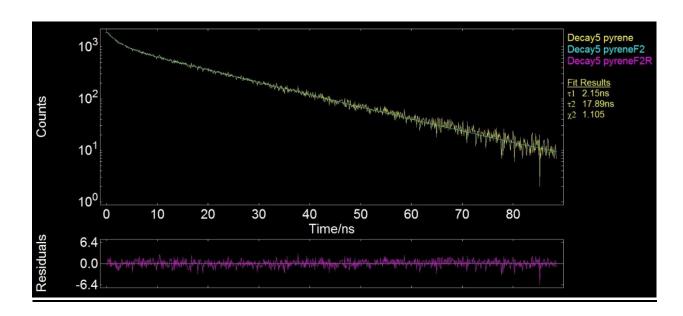


Figure S16. Emission decay of pyrene monitored at 384 nm collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 378$ nm).

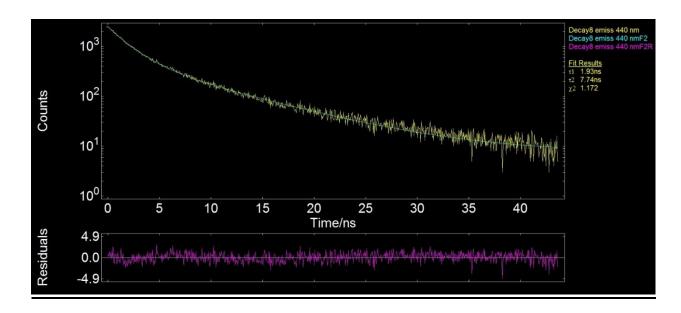


Figure S17. Emission decay of SQD-pyrene monitored at 394 nm collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 378$ nm).

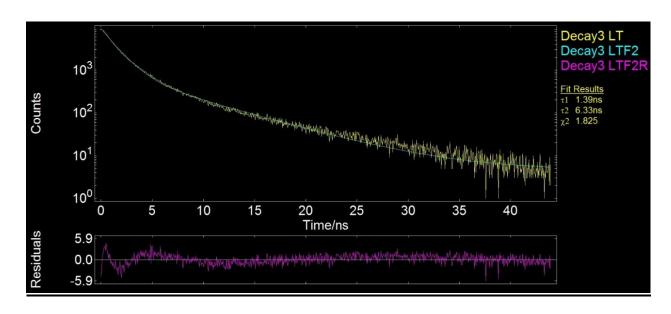


Figure S18. Emission decay of phenanthrene monitored at 376 nm collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 378$ nm).

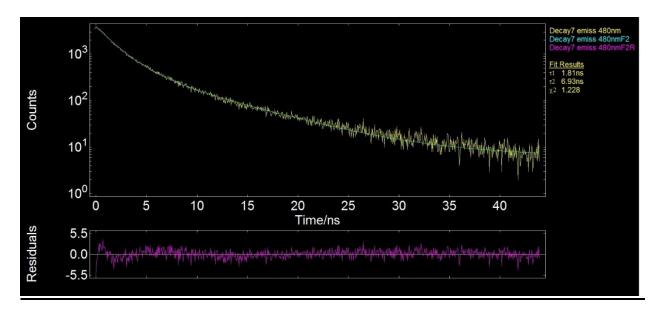


Figure S19. Emission decay of SQD-phenanthrene monitored at 446 nm collected in degassed DCM at 298 K ($\lambda_{ex} = 378$ nm).

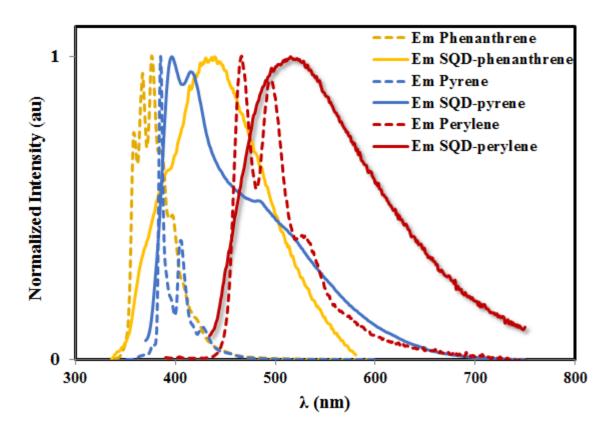


Figure S20. Emission spectra of perylene ($\lambda_{ex} = 360$ nm, dotted red line) and SQD-perylene ($\lambda_{ex} = 360$ nm, solid red line); pyrene ($\lambda_{ex} = 360$ nm, dotted blue line) and SQD-pyrene ($\lambda_{ex} = 360$ nm, solid blue-line); phenanthrene ($\lambda_{ex} = 315$ nm, dotted yellow line) and SQD-phenanthrene ($\lambda_{ex} = 315$ nm, solid yellow line) collected in degassed DCM at 298 K.

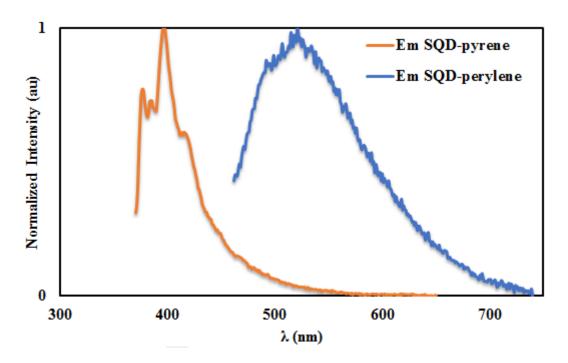


Figure S21. Emission spectra of SQD-perylene ($\lambda_{ex} = 440$ nm, blue) and SQD-pyrene ($\lambda_{ex} = 350$ nm, orange) in water.

Fluorescent cellular imaging study

In figure 5, we utilized a confocal microscope to collect the photoluminescence obtained from HeLa cells that were incubated with SQD-perylene and SQD-pyrene. Cells imaging was collected at two different channels of 400-450 and 500-550 nm in the presence of a combination of shortand long-pass filters, and at an excitation wavelength of 405 nm. When the emission was monitored using the 440-450 nm channel, a blue emission was obtained as shown in figure 5 while other emission wavelengths were filtered out. On the other hand, figure S22 below shows the green emission collected when the 500-550 nm channel was utilized. The broad emission spectrum of both SQD-perylene and SQD-pyrene has enabled to collect blue and green emission color when the channels 400-450 and 500-550 nm were utilized, respectively.

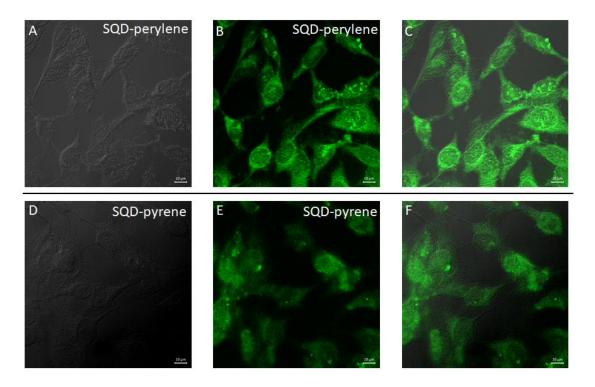


Figure S22. Confocal images of HeLa cells for DIC images (panels A and D), fluorescence images (panels B and E), and merged images (panels C and F).